ANNUAL FACTORY REPORT

OF THE

PRESIDENCY OF BOMBAY,

1907.

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III
11

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PROVINCIAL REPORT UPON THE WORKING OF THE INDIAN FACTORIES ACT IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR THE YEAR 1907.

I.—Factories and their Inspection.

1. The total number of factories under the control of the Act increased from 495 in 1906 to 519 in the year under report. No less than 12 Spinning and Weaving Mills were brought on the register for the first time; of these 2 were in Bombay, 8 in Ahmedabad, 1 in Kaira and 1 in Poona; in addition to these, 14 Ginning and Pressing Factories were registered during the year. Of these 2 were in East Khandesh, 2 in West Khandesh, 4 in Sholapur, 5 in Hyderabad, and 1 in Karáchi.

2. The number of working factories was 491 against 478 in the previous year. Of these 244 were perennial and 247 seasonal; 153 of the former and 244 of the latter, 397 in all, were connected with the Cotton Industry.

3. The total number of operatives employed in the Presidency in the year under report was 214, 452 against 212, 637 in the preceding year. The number of operatives in the Town and Island of Bombay decreased from 127, 700 in 1906 to 126,057 in 1907. The stoppage of the Adamji Peerbhoy Mill for a considerable part of the year, owing to a fire, which took place in November 1906, was the chief cause of the decrease. Of the total number of operatives in the Presidency 167,553 were employed in the Cotton Industry, against 169,396 in 1906.

4. The post of Chief Inspector of Factories was held by the following officers:—

Names.	From	To
Mr. J. Monteath, I.C.S.	The beginning of the year...	16th March 1907.
„ G. W. Hatch, I.C.S.	17th March 1907 ...	21st March 1907.
„ A. M. MacMillan, I.C.S.	22nd March 1907 ...	28th April 1907.
„ P. B. Haigh, I.C.S.	13th June 1907 ...	Continued.

Mr. MacMillan having been suddenly taken ill while on casual leave, the Collector of Bombay held charge of the office from April 29th to June 12th.

Mr. J. D. F. Engel, First Inspector of Factories, returned from leave and resumed his duties on the 12th of January.

The post of the Presidency Inspector of Factories remained vacant till 12th January. It was held by Mr. W. B. Chambers as a temporary measure from 12th January till April 1st, on which date Mr. F. McCormack was appointed sub. *pro-tem.* Presidency Inspector. Mr. McCormack continued to hold the appointment till the close of the year.

The post of the Second Inspector of Factories was held by Mr. McCormack until the date of his transfer to the Presidency Inspectorship, when his place was taken by Mr. Chambers.

The Presidency Surgeons continued to work as Certifying Surgeons in Bombay. Captain W. M. Houston, M.B., I.M.S., Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General, held the post of Joint Medical Inspector of Factories till the 1st of April 1907, when the Office of the Surgeon-General was transferred to Poona. The post was then held by Captain J. H. McDonald, M.B., I.M.S., Presidency Surgeon, Second District, till the close of the year.

5. Of the 154 factories in the Town and Island of Bombay, 145 were inspected more than three times, 5 were inspected three times, 1 was inspected twice, and the remaining 3 were inspected once. Of the 365 factories outside Bombay, 212 were inspected more than three times, 49 three times, 51 twice, and 20 once, while 6 escaped inspection and 28 were closed throughout the year.* The number of inspections performed outside the Town and Island of Bombay shows a satisfactory increase over the last year's figures.

The factories in Thar and Parkar were not inspected by the Medical Inspector.

II.—Sanitation.

6. Sanitation generally is reported to be satisfactory; but many of the smaller factories in the Town and Island of Bombay leave much to be desired, and require constant attention from the Inspectors. Factory owners, as a rule, have attended promptly to the suggestions of the Medical Inspectors, but they not infrequently, excuse themselves for failure to keep their latrines clean by blaming the Municipality for its inadequate conservancy arrangements. In the Town and Island of Bombay in 1906 orders were passed in 53 factories for the provision of a tank or cistern to contain a reserve supply of water in case of the interruption of the Municipal supply. In the year under report similar orders were passed in 30 cases in Ahmedabad by Mr. Chambers,—a substantial contribution to the comfort of the operatives.

The Collector of Karáchi reports that "the subject of sanitation was given special attention by the Civil Surgeon and Joint Inspector (Colonel Grayfoot). The number of latrines was added to and in some cases those of defective pattern replaced by others of improved design. Special efforts were made to ensure the more frequent removal of night-soil by the Municipal Conservancy Department in the larger factories."

III.—Ventilation.

7. I regret that I am unable to report any improvement in this respect in a large number of the Cotton Textile Factories. Mr. Engel and myself conducted some experiments in a few Bombay Mills in October with a view to ascertaining the quantity of Carbonic Acid Gas in the air. Numerous samples of air were taken but the results were unsatisfactory and confusing. The question engaged the particular attention of the Factory Labour Commission and they have recommended that arrangements should be made for the conduct of experiments by Chemical and Medical experts.

IV.—Wages.

8. The usual statements of wages for skilled and unskilled labour are attached in Form No. III. The Collector of Karáchi draws attention to the increase of wages owing to the abnormally high prices of food-stuffs which ruled during the greater part of the year and the rise in rents in even the poor quarters of the town.

9. Three strikes took place during the year, one at the G. I. P. Railway Workshops, one at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Workshops, and one at the Jacob Sassoon Mills. The strikes at the Railway Workshops were caused by the proposed introduction of changes in the time-table and in the system of recording attendance. There was no serious disturbance, and matters were amicably settled. The strike at the Jacob Sassoon Mill, which lasted 4 days, was occasioned by a demand for higher wages in the Spinning Department. The demands of the operatives were not conceded.

V.—Employment of Women and Children.

10. The following table will show the number of women and children employed in the Town and Island of Bombay and in the Mofussil for the past 5 years. It will be seen that the employment of women and children is

* *Vide* statement attached.

gaining favour with the factory owners though there is a slight fall in the number of women in the current year:—

Year.	Women.			Children.		
	Bombay.	Mofussil.	Total.	Bombay.	Mofussil.	Total.
1903	22,920	15,832	38,752	2,202	4,961	7,163
1904	23,169	16,646	39,815	2,102	5,517	7,619
1905	24,299	19,136	43,475	2,078	5,839	7,917
1906	25,093	19,617	44,710	2,741	5,918	8,659
1907	22,931	19,968	42,899	3,468	6,638	10,106

11. Special efforts were made during the year under report to secure the proper maintenance of Forms A-1 and A-2 prescribed by Rule 19 of the Indian Factories Act and of the form specified in Rule 21. Circulars were issued to all the Mills, and the Inspectors were directed to pay special attention to the subject. It may fairly be said that as a result of these measures there has been a marked improvement both in Bombay and Ahmedabad in the regulation of child labour. But the efforts of the managers to conform with the rules are at times defeated by their subordinates and the matter is one that will always require the unremitting attention of Inspectors.

The system of recording of thumb impressions appears to have been carried out without serious difficulty.

VI.—Fencing of Machinery.

12. This is generally reported to be properly attended to and it is satisfactory to note that no accidents took place as a result of defective fencing. It was, however, found necessary to institute 6 prosecutions for neglecting to guard ring-spinning frames.

VII.—Accidents.

13. The number and percentage of accidents reported for the past 10 years is as shown below:—

Year.	Fatal.	Serious.	Slight.	Total.	Average per 100 persons employed.
1898	15	102	1,068	1,185	·79
1899	34	105	1,334	1,473	·81
1900	20	52	1,028	1,100	·71
1901	28	61	1,575	1,664	·96
1902	37	71	1,491	1,599	·89
1903	17	77	1,429	1,523	·83
1904	17	86	1,435	1,538	·81
1905	22	91	1,406	1,519	·76
1906	25	137	1,367	1,529	·71
1907	21	184	1,420	1,625	·75

The percentage of accidents in the Railway Workshops at Hubli has gone down from 4·5 in 1906 to 3·7 in the year under report. The percentages for the current year in the G. I. P. Railway and B. B. & C. I. Railway Workshops at Bombay were respectively ·3 and 1·4 while the Railway Workshop at Sukkur had a percentage of 2·3.

14. Fatal accidents numbered 21; they were distributed and classed as below:—

Bombay.

As the result of a fire in a cotton press	3
Hand caught in a hand waste machine	1
Burnt by a gas explosion	1

Fingers crushed in the beater of an inter-machine ...	... 1
Dress entangled in shafting	... 2
By being entangled in a strap	... 1
Scalded at the man-hole door of a boiler	... 1
Crushed between a carriage and a waggon while shunting	... 1
By falling in the rope alley	... 1
By the falling of a boiler	... 1
Total	... 13

Ahmedabad.

By being caught in a overlapping strap	... 1
By the falling of a girder	... 1
Total	... 2

Thána.

Falling from a platform outside the mill building ...	... 1

Dhárwár.

By falling in a rope alley	... 1
By being caught in a belt	... 1
Total	... 2

Karáchi.

By being caught between buffers	... 1
By being caught between the kicker bracket and the vertical frame	... 1
By being caught in the fly-wheel of some underground shafting	... 1
Total	... 3
GRAND TOTAL	... 21

15. In the case of a serious accident reported from Broach, the dhoti of an operative was caught in the side shaft of a machine; and one of the fatal accidents reported in Bombay was due to a woman's clothes being caught by a shaft. The woman was not a mill-hand but was employed by the Contractor. She was standing on a raised platform plastering a ceiling close to a revolving shaft. The mill authorities were not aware that the plastering work had been begun. Another accident in Bombay due to the same cause was entirely the result of the victim's own carelessness. This question was referred to in the Annual Report for the year 1903, paragraph 14, and a circular subsequently issued dated 17th August 1904.

16. Two Cotton Presses were completely destroyed by fire in Bombay.

A fire is reported from a Cotton Press in Ahmednagar caused by friction in the cotton opener; two men were slightly injured. One more fire is reported from West Khandesh, in which case a Ginning Factory was completely destroyed. The fire was caused by a sulphur match. In reporting this fire Mr. McCormack remarks "it is a common fact that labourers picking cotton in the fields or cartmen carrying bales drop matches into the cotton accidentally which when worked up with the cotton come in contact with the gin-knives and ignite."

VIII.—Prosecutions.

17. In all 17 prosecutions were instituted during the year; of these 7 were for employing operatives in contravention of the provisions of the Act, 1 for allowing a child to do work which he was forbidden to do under the Act, 1 for neglecting to keep a register as required under Section 9, 7 for neglecting the fencing of a machine, and 1 for not providing latrines.

In the case of 13 of these convictions were secured and the accused were fined from Rs. 5 to Rs. 85. In 2 more cases the convictions were quashed on appeal, and the remaining 2 cases were pending at the close of the year but have since been disposed of and the accused acquitted.

18. It is to be regretted that Magistrates generally, in dealing with cases under this Act, refrain from passing exemplary sentences. The heaviest sentence—a fine of Rs. 85—imposed during the year was the result of a case in which Mr. Engel and myself raided a mill on Sunday and found the reeling department at work, contrary to the provisions of the Act. Proof of illegal employment was secured in the case of 17 persons only: and the accused escaped with a fine of Rs. 85—a paltry sum, compared with the profits that must have accrued to the mill from the illegal employment of women on Sunday. In the case of prosecutions for neglecting to guard ring-spinning frames, the Inspectors have found it difficult, especially in Ahmedabad, to impress on the Magistrate's mind the imminent danger to child operatives that a breach of the rule involves. In accordance with the orders of Government passed in reviewing the report for 1906, breaches of the rule regarding ring-frames have, whenever detected, been made the subject of a prosecution: but the lightness of the sentences inflicted disheartens the Inspectors and tends to diminish the good that might result from their activity in this direction.

IX.—General.

19. One of the features of the year was the introduction of electricity as a motive power. Three factories in the Town and Island of Bombay were reported to be working by electricity.

20. The Textile Factories Labour Committee under the Presidentship of Commander Sir H. P. Freer-Smith, R. N., which began work in December 1906 sat in Bombay from the beginning of the year till January 20th and again from March 4th till the beginning of April 1907, when its report was submitted to Government. As a result the Factory Labour Commission was appointed and began its work in Bombay on November 1st, 1907, and remained in the Presidency till the end of the year. The services of the First and Second and Presidency Inspectors of Factories were placed at the disposal of the Commission.

21. It has become increasingly apparent, that there is ample scope for another full time Inspector in Bombay and that assistance is needed in Ahmedabad. Proposals for the increase of the Inspecting Staff and for the redistribution of their work were submitted to Government in February 1908. The question was held over pending the report of Mr. Morison's Commission.

22. I desire to record my appreciation of the tactful and painstaking manner in which Mr. Engel has performed the duties of First Inspector in Bombay and of the zeal and industry shown by Mr. Chambers in his difficult post at Ahmedabad.

The office establishment under Mr. Kothare, Head Clerk, have worked well.

Factory Department,
Bombay, 13th August 1908.

P. B. HAIGH,
Chief Inspector of Factories, Bombay.

Through the Collector of Bombay.

Forwarded with compliments to Government in the General Department.

2. The amount of inspections performed both in Bombay City and in the Mofussil is satisfactory. The considerable number of prosecutions instituted is noteworthy as a sign of the activity of the Department. The undersigned begs to invite particular attention to Mr. Haigh's remarks on the inadequacy of the sentences inflicted for serious breaches of the Factory Act.

G. W. HATCH,
Collector of Bombay.

Bombay Collector's Office,
Factory Departmant,
Bombay, 13th August 1908.

ERRATUM.

For "Breweries" on page iv, under factories not worked by steam, *read* "Bulk Oil Installations".

B 937

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

STATEMENT TO ACCOMPANY ANNUAL PROVINCIAL REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE FACTORIES ACT.

FORM

STATEMENT TO ACCOMPANY ANNUAL PROVINCIAL

Part A.—Enumera

NUMBER OF FACTORIES WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE ACT.	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Surat.	Thána.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.
1. Government and Local Fund Factories.										
Arms and ammunition										1
Arsenals	1									1
Boilers (erection and repair)										
Brass foundry										
Brick fields										
Canal foundry and workshops										
Carpentry										
Clothing agencies										
Distilleries										
Dockyards	1									
Engineering workshops	1									
Flour mills										
Gas-works										
Gun-carriage factories										
Gun-powder factories										
Harbour works										
Iron works and foundries										
Leather works										
Mathematical instrument factories										
Mints	1									
Municipal works	1									
Oil mills										
Opium factories										
Printing presses	2									
Railway workshops										
Sappers and Miners workshops										
Stores factories										
Telegraph works										
Water-works										
Total	7									2
2. All other Factories.										
(i) Worked by steam—										
Ærated and mineral water manufactories										
Bone mills	2					1				
Breweries										1
Brush works										
Cement works										
Chemical works										
Coach-building										
Coffee works										
Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing factories	8						124	54	6	
Cotton (spinning, weaving and other mills)	80	50	4	2	3	2	1			3
Distilleries										1
Dockyards	2									
Domestic utensils										
Dye-works	3	1								
Engineering workshops										
Flour mills	5									
Forage press										
Furniture	1									
Gas-works	2									
Glass factories										
Hosiery	2									

No. II.

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE FACTORIES ACT.

tion of Factories.

Sholá-pur.	Ahmed-nagar.	Belgaum	Bijápur.	Dhár-wár.	Hyder-abad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Total.	Total for the year 1906.	Total for the year 1905.	REMARKS.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	3	3	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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9	7	...	6	21	28	5	1	3	272	261	233	
3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	151	141	133	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	

FORM

NUMBER OF FACTORIES WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE ACT—*continued.*	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmed-abad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Surat.	Thána.	East Khán-desh.	West Khán-desh.	Násik.	Poona.
2. *All other Factories*—continued.										
(i) Worked by steam—*continued.*										
Ice factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iron and brass works and foundries	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Jute mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ presses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lock and cutlery works ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lac factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leather works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Metal works	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Match factories	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oil mills and wells	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paper mills	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Pottery works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Printing presses	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Railway workshops... ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1
Rice mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rope works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saw mills	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silk filatures	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ mills	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Soap factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stone works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanneries	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tin works	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco Factory	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tramway workshops ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Woollen mills	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Workshops	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	134	53	4	2	3	3	126	54	7	11
(ii) Not worked by steam—										
Ærated and mineral water manufactories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Breweries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coach-building	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton spinning and weaving establishments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing factories ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cutch factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dairy farms	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dockyards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering workshops ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iron works and foundries ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jute mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ presses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Metal works	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Printing presses	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quarries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saltpetre refineries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanneries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tin works	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tramway workshops ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Woollen Factories	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL ...	154	53	4	2	3	3	126	54	7	13

No. II—*continued.*

Sholá-pur.	Ahmed-nagar.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhár-wár.	Hyder-abad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Total.	Total for the year 1906.	Total for the year 1905.	Remarks.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	13	11	14	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	3	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	8	8	8	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	4	3	4	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	
12	7	...	6	25	28	13	2	3	493	469	435	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	The mills at Gokák have been reckoned as 2 factories.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	6	6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	13	7	
12	7	2	6	25	28	15	2	3	519	495	455	

FORM

STATEMENT TO ACCOMPANY ANNUAL PROVINCIAL

Part B.—Inspections, Number of

	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmedabad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Surat.	Thána.	East Khándesh.	West Khándesh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholápur.
1. NUMBER OF FACTORIES SHOWN IN PART A.											
Inspected during the year—											
Once	(*a*)3	1	...	...	...	...	10	2	...	1	1
Twice	1	5	...	1	...	...	22	9	...	1	3
Three times	5	1	...	...	...	...	23	12	2	...	...
More than three times ...	145	46	4	1	3	3	50	21	5	11	8
Total ..	154	53	4	2	3	3	105	44	7	13	12
Not inspected during the year...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...
Total Number of Factories ...	154	53	4	2	3	3	108 (*b*)	45 (*c*)	7	13	12
2. AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER OF OPERATIVES EMPLOYED IN THE FACTORIES SHOWN IN PART A.											
Adults—											
Males	99,658	23,407	1,599	612	1,121	2,832	7,219	2,116	563	4,335	4,220
Females	22,931	3,518	363	159	328	989	4,239	2,154	238	521	2,247
Total ...	122,589	26,925	1,962	771	1,449	3,821	11,458	4,270	801	4,856	6,467
Children—											
Males	2,714	2,909	306	39	181	471	140	...	...	401	435
Females	754	609	33	4	120	284	...	...	...	11	48
Total ...	3,468	3,518	339	43	301	755	140	...	...	412	483
Total average daily number ...	126,057	30,443	2,301	814	1,750	4,576	11,598	4,270	801	5,268	6,950
3. NUMBER OF FACTORIES SHOWN IN PART A WORKED BY—											
Shifts of sets	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	8
Mid-day stoppages ...	128	53	3	2	2	3	106	45	4	12	4
Shifts and mid-day stoppages...	6	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...
Otherwise	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	154	53	4	2	3	3	108	45	7	13	12
4. NUMBER OF FACTORIES SHOWN IN PART A.											
In which a general holiday is ordinarily given—											
On Sundays	150	52	4	1	2	3	27	1	1	10	11
On varying week days ...	2	1	...	1	1	...	81	44	6	2	1
Exempted—											
Under Section 5 B (2) (*c*) ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(*f*)1	...
Under Section 5 B (2) (*d*) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Worked otherwise, *i.e.*, not falling under one of the previous heads ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total number of Factories ...	154	53	4	2	3	3	108	45	7	13	12

No. II—*continued.*

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE FACTORIES ACT—*continued.*

Operatives, Shifts and Holidays.

Ahmednagar.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Hyderabad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Total.	Total for the year 1906.	Total for the year 1905.	Remarks.
...	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	23	40	15	(a) One of the factories destroyed by fire in May 1907. Two more were brought on register in the last quarter of the year.
...	...	...	1	8	...	...	1	52	54	60	
...	...	...	1	10	...	...	...	54	65	66	
7	2	6	23	5	15	2	...	357	307	306	
7	2	6	25	26	15	2	3	486	466	447	
...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	6	12	6	(b) Of the remaining factories, 16 were closed throughout the year and for 2 factories the information is not coming forth.
(d)7	2	6	25	28	15	2	3	492	478	453	
188	1,096	167	4,035	2,071	4,008	2,044	156	161,447	159,268	149,082	(c) Nine factories closed throughout the year.
148	850	258	1,296	2,066	422	25	147	42,899	44,710	43,435	
336	1,946	425	5,331	4,137	4,430	2,069	303	204,346	203,978	192,517	
...	123	...	163	93	29	5	14	8,023	6,739	6,081	
...	81	...	74	48	5	...	12	2,083	1,920	1,836	
...	204	...	237	141	34	5	26	10,106	8,659	7,917	
336	2,150	425	5,568	4,278	4,464	2,074	329	214,452	212,637	200,434	
1	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	37	40	33	
3	2	4	25	28	10	2	3	439	370	402	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	63	13	
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	5	5	(d) Three factories were closed during the year.
(d)4	2	6	25	28	15	2	3	489	478	453	
2	2	6	20	28	15	2	1	338	332	310	
2	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	148	144	139	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	2	(f) Under G. R., G.D., No. 5508, dated 11th October 1904.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
4	2	6	25	28	15	2	3	489	478	453	

FORM

STATEMENT TO ACCOMPANY ANNUAL PROVINCIAL

Part C.—Accidents

	Town and Island of Bombay.	Ahmed-abad.	Broach.	Kaira.	Surat.	Thána.	East Khán-desh.	West Khán-desh.	Násik.	Poona.	Sholápur.
1. NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS DURING THE YEAR IN FACTORIES SHOWN IN PART A—											
Fatal	13	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Serious	87	38	4	...	...	10	6	...	...	7	4
Minor	1,028	125	4	5	13	21	21	1	6	11	32
Total ...	1,128	165	8	5	13	32	27	1	6	18	36
2. NUMBER OF PERSONS CONVICTED DURING THE YEAR IN RESPECT OF FACTORIES SHOWN IN PART A—											
Under Section 15 (1) of the Factories Act—											
Clause (*a*)	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ (*b*)	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ (*c*)	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ (*d*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ (*e*)	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
„ (*f*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
„ (*g*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
„ (*h*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ (*i*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	7	8	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Under Section 15 (2) of the Factories Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total number of persons convicted.	7	8	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...

Factory Department,
Bombay, 13th August 1908.

No. II—*concluded.*

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE FACTORIES ACT—*concluded.*

and Offences.

Ahmed-nagar.	Belgaum.	Bijápur.	Dhárwár.	Hyder-abad.	Karáchi.	Sukkur.	Thar and Párkar.	Total.	Total for the year 1906.	Total for the year 1905.	Remarks.
...	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	21	25	22	
...	...	...	1	...	8	19	...	184	137	91	
2	2	...	89	...	32	28	...	1,420	1,367	1,406	
2	2	...	92	...	43	47	...	1,625	1,529	1,519	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	13	6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	13	6	

P. B. HAIGH,
Chief Inspector of Factories, Bombay.

FORM No. III.

Table showing the lowest wages of different classes of skilled and unskilled labour in the more important factories in the Town and Island of Bombay for the year 1907.

Class of labour.	Cotton Ginning, Cleaning and Pressing Factories.				Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.								Dockyards.	
	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.
	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.
1. Skilled labour—														
Blacksmith ...	0 12 0	0 13 0	0 12 0	0 13 0	1 1 0	1 0 6	1 3 8	1 3 8	0 7 0	0 7 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	0 15 0	0 15 0
Fitter ...									0 13 0	0 13 0			1 0 0	1 0 0
Carpenter ...	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 15 3	0 14 9	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	1 1 0	1 1 0	0 12 0	0 12 0
Bricklayer ...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 2 0	1 2 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 1 0	1 1 0	1 2 0	1 2 0
Mason ...														
Weaver (man) ...	...	...	...	...	0 14 0	0 12 0	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...
Spinner (man) ...	...	...	...	...	0 14 0	0 14 0	0 13 6	0 13 6	1 2 0	1 2 0	0 15 0	0 14 9	...	...
Dyer ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...
Engine-driver ...	0 9 0	0 9 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	1 1 0	1 0 6	1 8 7	1 8 7	0 13 0	0 13 0	1 2 0	1 2 0	...	...
Boiler-man ...	0 8 0	0 8 0					...	...	0 7 0	0 7 0				
2. Unskilled labour—														
Messenger ...	0 6 0	0 6 0	...	...	0 5 6	0 5 3	0 6 4	0 6 4	0 5 0	0 5 6	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 7 0	0 7 0
Cooly or Porter (man) ...	...	...	0 7 0	0 7 6	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 6 6	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 8 0	0 8 0
Cooly or Porter (woman) ...	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 5 9	0 5 0	0 3 3	0 3 3	0 3 6	0 3 6	...	...

Class of labour.	Dye Works.		Iron and Brass Works and Foundries.		Printing Presses.		Railway Workshops.		Silk Mills.		Tanneries.		Woollen Mills.		Workshops.	
	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.
	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.
1. Skilled labour—																
Blacksmith ...	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	...	...	0 12 0	0 12 0	1 3 9	1 3 1	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 13 0	0 14 0
Fitter ...					1 1 7	1 1 0	0 12 0	0 12 9	1 0 0	0 10 4	0 10 0	0 10 0	...	...	0 8 0	0 9 0
Carpenter ...	0 14 0	0 14 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	0 10 8	0 10 4	0 12 0	0 12 0	0 11 2	0 10 10	0 6 0	0 6 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 0 0	1 0 0
Bricklayer ...	0 14 0	0 14 0	...	...	...	...	0 15 0	0 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mason ...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Weaver (man) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 5 2	0 5 0	...	...	0 14 6	0 14 0	...	...
Spinner (man) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 5 9	0 6 2	...	...	0 9 6	0 9 6	...	...
Dyer ...	0 7 0	0 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 11	0 6 9	...	...	0 6 3	0 6 3	...	...
Engine-driver ...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 10 8	3 8 9	0 8 0	0 9 0	2 2 8	2 1 7	0 6 0	0 6 0	...	...	...	...
Boiler-man ...					...	...	...	...	0 10 2	0 9 10	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 9	0 9 8	3 2 8	3 13 4
2. Unskilled labour—																
Messenger ...	0 6 6	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 5 4	0 5 2	0 5 0	0 5 0	...	...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 8	0 6 3	0 5 10	0 5 10
Cooly or Porter (man) ...	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 5 4	0 5 2	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 6 5	0 6 2	...	...			0 6 0	0 6 0
Cooly or Porter (woman) ...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 3 6	0 3 6	...	...	0 4 0	0 4 0	...	...	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 9	0 4 0	0 3 6	0 4 0

Factory Department,
Bombay, 13th August 1908.

P. B. HAIGH,
Chief Inspector of Factories, Bombay.

FORM No. III.

Table showing the lowest wages of different classes of skilled and unskilled labour in the more important factories in the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1907.

Class of labour.	Northern Division.															
	Ahmedabad District.								Broach District.						Thána District.	
	Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.						Dye Works.		Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.						Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.	
	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.
	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.
1. Skilled labour—																
Blacksmith ...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 6	0 8 6	0 8 0	0 7 9	...	...	0 11 6	0 12 0	0 11 6	0 11 3	0 12 0	0 11 6	0 14 11	0 14 11
Fitter ...	0 10 8	0 11 3	0 13 9	0 13 9	0 10 8	0 10 4	...	...	0 9 6	0 9 3	0 13 4	0 7 9	0 8 0	0 9 3	0 14 4	0 14 4
Carpenter ...	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 10 0	0 10 0	1 1 0	1 0 6	0 12 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	0 12 0
Bricklayer ...	...	...	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 11 0	0 11 0
Mason ...	...	...	0 13 0	0 13 0	...	...	...	...	0 11 6	0 11 6	0 11 6	0 11 6	...	...	0 12 0	0 12 0
Weaver (man) ...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 12 8	0 8 0	0 6 3	0 6 3
Spinner (man) ...	...	...	0 5 6	0 5 6	0 5 0	0 5 0	...	...	0 10 3	0 8 3	0 10 2	0 9 0	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6
Dyer ...	...	...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 4 3	0 4 3	...	...	0 5 0	0 5 0	...	...	1 2 5	1 2 5
Engine-driver ...	0 6 11	0 7 6	0 10 6	0 10 6	0 8 0	0 7 9	0 4 9	0 4 9	0 8 6	0 8 6	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	1 8 0	1 8 0
Boiler-man ...	0 8 6	0 9 1	0 8 6	0 8 6	0 8 0	0 7 9	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 10 8	0 10 8
2. Unskilled labour—																
Messenger ...	0 4 3	0 4 10	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 3 9	0 3 7	0 4 0	0 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 4	0 6 4
Cooly or Porter (man) ...	0 2 6	0 2 6	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	...	...	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0
Cooly or Porter (woman) ...	...	...	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	...	...	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 0

Class of labour.	Central Division.										Southern Division.			
	Khándesh District.						Poona District.		Sholápur District.		Belgaum District.		Dhárwár District.	
	Cotton Ginning, Cleaning and Pressing Factories.				Railway Workshops.		Iron and Brass Works and Foundries.		Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.		Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills.		Railway Workshops.	
	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.
	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.	Rs. a. p. Per day.
1. Skilled labour—														
Blacksmith ...	Closed.		...	...	0 12 3	0 12 3	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 6 0 to 0 12 0	0 7 0 to 0 12 0	0 7 0	0 7 0
Fitter ...	...	...	0 9 2	1 5 6	0 12 3	0 12 3	...	...	0 7 6	0 7 6	0 13 0 to 2 0 0	0 13 0 to 2 2 6	0 7 0	0 7 0
Carpenter ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 5	0 6 5	0 5 0 to 0 12 0	0 5 0 to 0 13 0	0 8 0	0 8 0
Bricklayer ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	0 6 0	0 6 0
Mason ...	...	...	...	...	0 9 10	0 9 10	...	...	0 9 7	0 9 7	0 8 0 to 0 10 0	0 8 0 to 0 11 0		
Weaver (man) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 4 8	0 4 9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spinner (man) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 4 8	0 4 8	0 5 0 to 0 6 6	0 5 0 to 0 6 6	.....	.....
Dyer ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 4 11	0 5 1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Engine-driver ...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 15 4	0 15 4	1 8 0	1 8 0	0 12 10	0 13 4	.....	.....	0 10 0	0 10 0
Boiler-man ...	...	...	...	0 11 1	0 12 3	0 12 3	0 6 5	0 6 5	0 6 11	0 7 2	.....	.....	0 9 0	0 9 0
2. Unskilled labour—														
Messenger ...	Closed.		...	...	0 2 8	0 2 8	...	...	0 3 9	0 3 9	0 4 0	0 4 0	.....	.....
Cooly or Porter (man) ...	...	...	...	0 5 0	0 4 3	0 4 3	0 4 10	0 4 10	0 4 3	0 4 6	0 4 0 to 0 5 0	0 4 0 to 0 5 0	0 4 0	0 4 0
Cooly or Porter (woman) ...	...	...	...	0 2 6	0 3 0	0 3 0	...	...	0 2 2	0 2 2	0 2 6 to 0 3 0	0 2 6 to 0 3 0	.....	.....

Factory Department,
Bombay, 13th August 1908.

P. B. HAIGH,
Chief Inspector of Factories, Bombay.

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FORM No. III.

Table showing the lowest wages of different classes of skilled and unskilled labour in the more important factories in Sind for the year 1907.

Class of labour.	KARÁCHI DISTRICT.					
	Cotton Ginning, Cleaning and Pressing Factories.		Iron and Brass Works and Foundries.		Railway Workshops.	
	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.	30th June.	31st December.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Skilled labour—	Per day.	Per day.	Per day.	Per day.	Per day.	Per day.
Blacksmith	1 6 0	1 6 0	0 10 8	0 10 8	0 8 0	0 8 0
Fitter	1 2 0	1 2 0	0 5 4	0 6 5	0 7 0	0 7 0
Carpenter	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0
Bricklayer	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mason	1 4 0	1 4 0	.....	.....	1 0 0	1 0 0
Weaver (man)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spinner (man)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dyer	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Engine-driver	1 7 8	1 6 9	.....	.....	0 10 0	0 10 0
Boiler-man	1 1 11	1 0 0	0 9 9	0 9 9	0 8 0	0 8 0
2. Unskilled labour—						
Messenger	0 9 0	0 8 7	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0
Cooly or Porter (man) ...	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 6 0
Do. (woman).	0 3 6	0 3 6	.....	.....	.....	.....

P. B. HAIGH,
Chief Inspector of Factories, Bombay.

Factory Department,
Bombay, 13th August 1908.